

Introduction to SeaDataNet infrastructure

Michèle Fichaut, project coordinator (IFREMER, France)

Dick M.A. Schaap, technical coordinator (MARIS, Netherlands)



Oceans and seas are important



Climate, Energy, Food, Tourism, Shipping, Health,



Marine data relevant for many uses:

- Scientific Research to gain knowledge and insight
- Monitoring and assessment (water quality, climate status, stock assessment)
- Coastal Zone Management
- Modelling (including hindcast, now-cast, forecast)
- Dimensioning and supporting operations and activities at sea (shipping, offshore industry, dredging industry, ..)
- Implementation and execution of marine conventions for protection of the seas
- Implementation of international Directives, such as in Europe directives for water (WFD), marine strategy (MSFD), coastal zone management

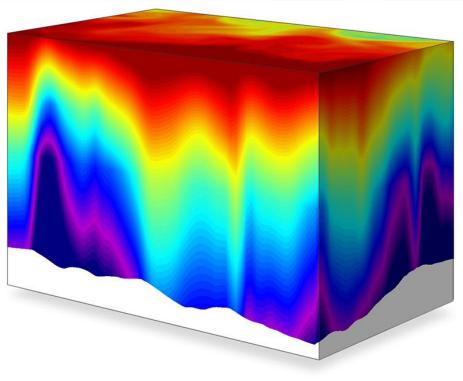


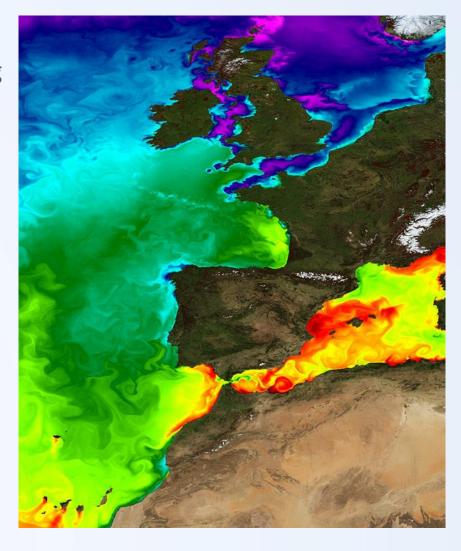
Users originate from government, science sector, and industry, nationally and internationally



Input for models: analyses and forecasts:

- Operational oceanography
- Physical and meteorological modelling
- Ecosystem modelling





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Acquisition of ocean and marine data





Economy of data acquisition

- Data are collected by governments, research institutes, and private industry (in Europe already more than 1.000 organisations)
- Data for physics, geophysics, meteorology, chemistry, biology, geology, bathymetry
- Acquisition of oceanographic and marine data is expensive; annual costs in Europe estimated at 1.4 Billion Euro (1.0 = in-situ; 0.4 = satellites)



Professional data management is required with agreements on standardisation, quality control protocols, long term archiving, catalogues, and access



What is SeaDataNet?



A pan-European infrastructure set up and operated for managing marine and ocean data in cooperation with the NODCs and data focal points of 34 countries bordering the European seas

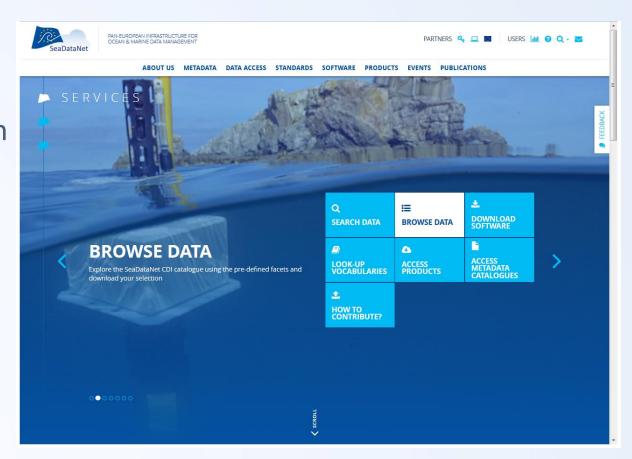
90s	Metadata directories Medar/MedAtlas
2002-2005	Sea-Search (FP5)
2006-2011	SeaDataNet (FP6)
2011-2015	SeaDataNet II (FP7)
2016-2020	SeaDataCloud (H2020)



SeaDataNet portal

Giving access to

- Standards, tools both for data centres and other users
- Data and metadata
- Products



http://www.seadatanet.org



SeaDataNet standards

- Set of common standards for the marine domain, adapting ISO and OGC standards and achieving INSPIRE compliance
 - Adoption of ISO 19115 19139 standard for describing metadata on data sets, research cruises, monitoring networks, and research projects
 => marine metadata profiles, schemas, schematron rules
 - Controlled vocabularies for the marine domain (>65,000 terms in 82 lists), with international governance and web services
 - Standard data exchange formats: ODV ASCII and NetCDF (CF) fully supported by controlled vocabularies
- Maintenance and dissemination of standard QA-QC procedures, together with IOC/IODE and ICES







SeaDataNet services and tools

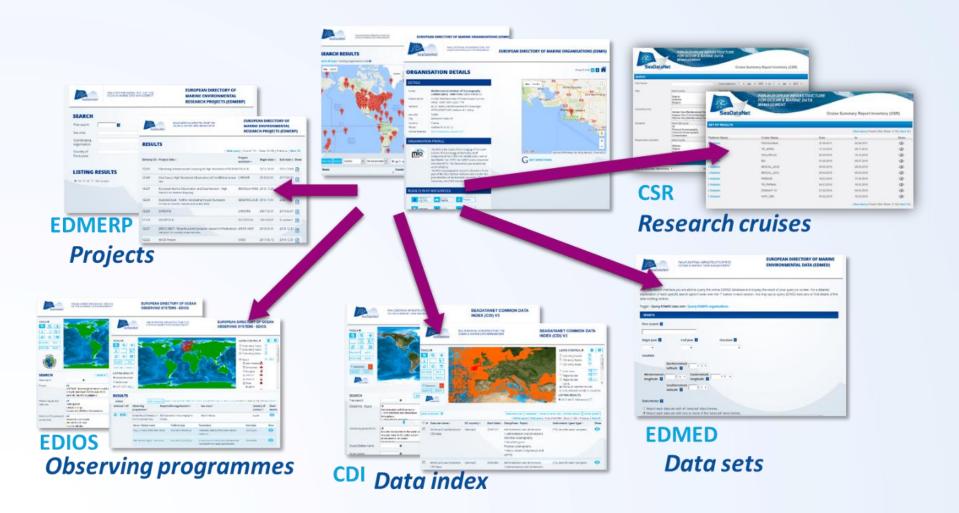
- **Set of tools** to be used each data centre and freely available from the SeaDataNet portal: metadata editor, data conversion software, data analysis software (ODV), data interpolation software (DIVA)
- Capacity building by training workshops for uptake of standards and tools by the data centres in order to achieve standardisation



- Pan-European services for harmonised discovery, access, visualisation of data and data products
- Common SeaDataNet Data Policy and License

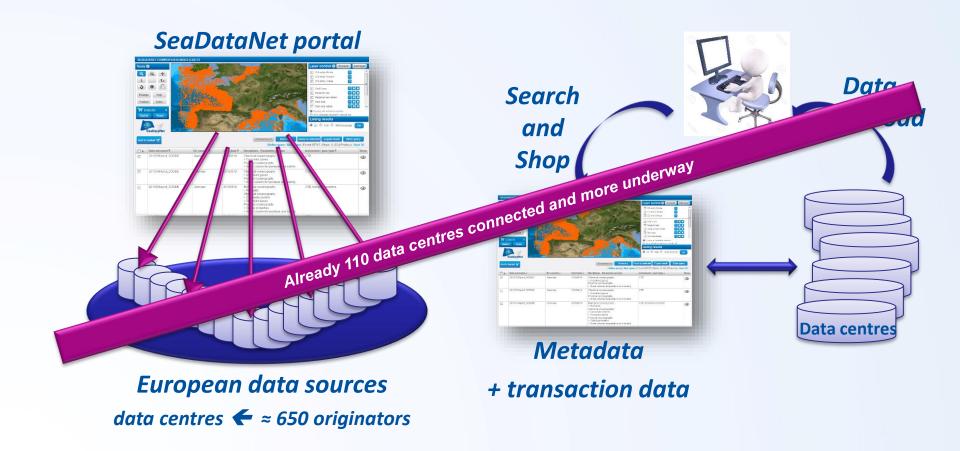


Centralised metadata directories



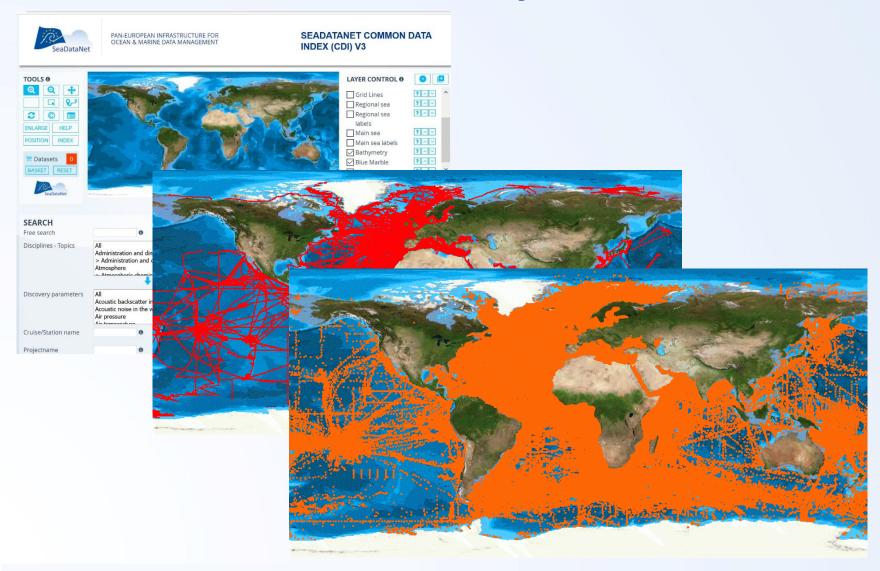


CDI Data Discovery and Access service





SeaDataCloud CDI Data Discovery and Access service





Data Products and viewers





SeaDataNet cooperation

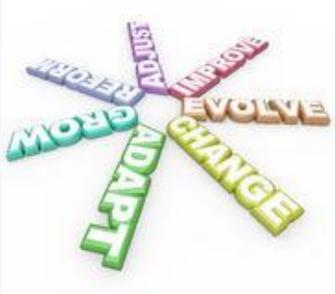
- Copernicus Marine Environmental Monitoring Services (CMEMS): providing long-term archives and standards
- Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD): providing infrastructure, standards and data collections for several indicators
- Large ocean monitoring systems (EuroGOOS, AtlantOS, Euro-ARGO, JERICO-Next, ..): providing standards and validation + long-term archiving services
- Ocean Data Interoperability Platform (ODIP): exploring and demonstrating common standards and interoperability with leading data management infrastructures in USA and Australia
- **GEOSS EuroGEOSS:** Maintaining the GEOSS portal with SeaDataNet insitu data collections from large community of European data holders (> 100 data centres; >600 data originators)
- European Open Science Cloud (EOSC): shaping the pilot Blue Cloud
- European Marine Observation and Data Network (EMODNet) driven by Marine Knowledge 2020 and Blue Growth



SeaDataCloud a new opportunity

Standards and information technology are always evolving, and the SeaDataNet infrastructure must stay up-to-date to maintain and further expand its services to its leads customers and major stakeholders

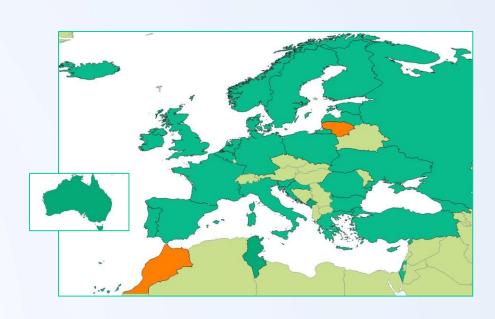






SeaDataCloud - Key numbers

- 4 year duration, started 1st November, 2016
- 10 M euros
- 56 partners
- 5 subcontractors
- 32 countries
- 1110.5 man/months

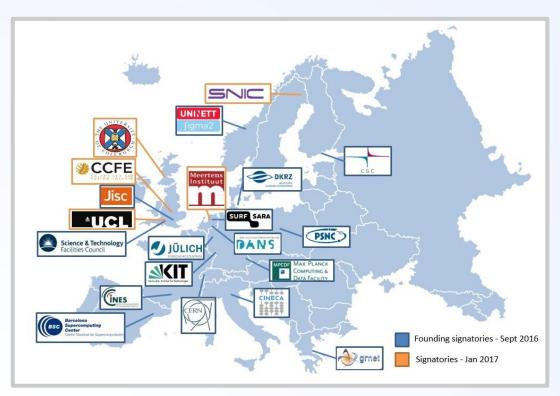


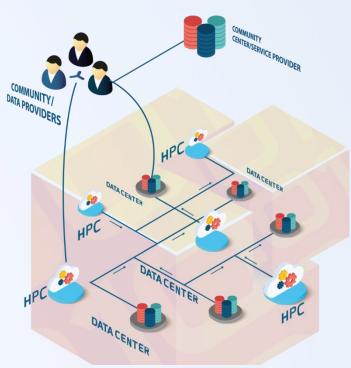


- SDC is about updating and further developing standards
- SDC is about improving and innovating services & products
- SDC is about adopting and elaborating new technologies
- SDC is about giving more attention to users and putting the user experience in a central position
- Moreover, it is about implementing a strategic and operational cooperation between the SeaDataNet consortium of marine and ocean data centres and the EUDAT consortium of e-infrastructure service providers



Cooperation with EUDAT





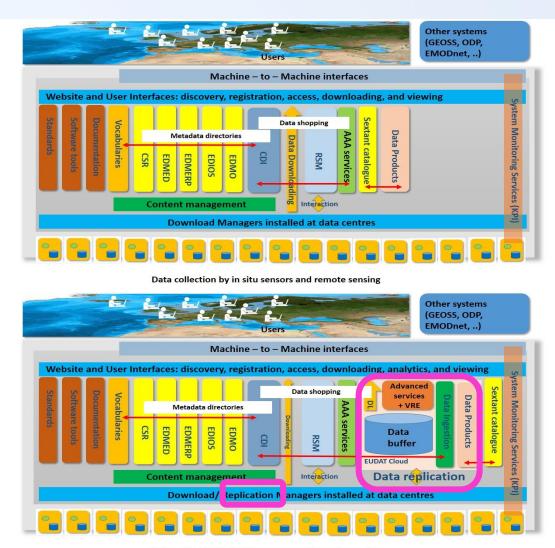
5 EUDAT members are partners of SeaDataCloud : CINECA, CSC, DKRZ, GRNET and STFC



Architecture upgrading

Present SeaDataNet architecture

Planned upgraded architecture with data replication, advanced services and VRE in the cloud



Data collection by in situ sensors and remote sensing